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1 SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE OR MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/FIRM

1.1 Product identifier

Substance name: HYDROFLUORIC ACID 40%

Synonyms: HYDROFLUORIC ACID in 40% aqueous solution

- CAS Number 7664-39-3 - CE Number 231-634-8

Index number 009-003-00-1

REACH Registration Number 01-2119458860-33-0030

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Uses of the Substance/Mixture

Common uses industrial uses, catalyst

Uses identified in the chemical safety generic list of applications

report

Formulation or repackaging formulation and (re)packaging of substances and mixtures

Use at industrial sites industrial uses, catalyst

use in construction, use as an intermediate, use as a catalyst in alkylation reactions, mining, enrichment, purification of minerals and metals, passivation of metal surfaces, industrial cleaning of drums and

pipes, semiconductor in the electronics and solar industry

Professional use laboratory use

Consumer none foreseen

Uses advised against:

The relevant uses are listed above. Other uses are not recommended unless an assessment has been carried out prior to the commencement of such use, demonstrating that the risks associated with such use are controlled.

See Annex for the full list of uses for which an exposure scenario is provided.

1.3 Information on the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company

FLUORSID ALKEEMIA SPA VIA DELLA CHIMICA, 5 30175, PORTO MARGHERA VENEZIA, ITALY

Tel.: +39 041 5096998 Fax: +39 041 5096840

E-mail address of the competent technician

msds@alkeemia.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Poison control centres: Telephone consultation active 24/24 hours Telephone consultation active 24/24 hours: Ospedale Niguarda Milan Tel: 02 66101029, CAV Pavia: Tel. 0382/24444, CAV Bergamo: Tel: 800 883300, CAV Foggia: Tel 0881-732326, CAV Florence: Tel 055-7947819, CAV Policlinico Umberto I Rome: Tel 06-490663, CAV Policlinico "A.Gemelli": Tel 06-3054343, CAV Cardarelli Naples: Tel: 081-5453333/7472870



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2 SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Acute Toxicity 2 H300
Acute Toxicity 2 H330
Acute Toxicity 2 H310
Skin corrosion 1A H314

Section 16 contains the full text of all H hazard statements.

2.2 Label elements

Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Hazardous products that must be listed on the label

• INDEX No. 009-002-00-6

hydrogen fluoride (%)

Pictogram





Warning

- Hazard

| Hazard | ınd | ıcatı | ดทร |
|--------|-----|-------|-----|

H300 Fatal if swallowed H310 Fatal in contact with skin

H330 Fatal if inhaled

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Cautionary advice

Prevention
P260
Do not breathe dust/fumes/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

Reaction
P301 + P310

IF SWALLOWED: Contact a POISON CENTRE / a doctor immediately

P330 Rinse mouth

P303 + P361 + P353 IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH THE SKIN (or hair): remove all contaminated

clothing immediately. Rinse the skin/take a shower

P304 + P340 IF INHALED: Take the victim into the fresh air and keep him or her at rest in a position

conducive to breathing.

P305 + P351 + P338 IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH THE EYES: rinse thoroughly for several minutes

IN CASE OF CONTACT WITH THE EYES: rinse thoroughly for several minutes. Remove any contact lenses if it is easy to do so. Continue to rinse. Contact a

POISON CENTRE / a doctor immediately

P361 + P364 Remove all contaminated clothing immediately and wash before wearing

again

Storage

P403 + P233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

<u>Disposal</u>

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with Legislative Decree 152/06 as

amended.



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2.3 Other hazards that do not require classification

- Risk of bone or dental fluorosis

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

- Not applicable (inorganic substance)

3 SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

- n.a.

3.2 Mixtures

Information on Components and Impurities.

| Hydrogen fluoride INDEX No.: 009-003-00-1 CAS No.: 7664-39-3 EINECS No.: 231-634-8 Registration number: 01-2119458860-33-0030 | Chemical Name | Identification number | Concentration [%] |
|---|-------------------|---|-------------------|
| | Hydrogen fluoride | CAS No.: 7664-39-3 EINECS No.: 231-634-8 | 40 |

The product is considered a substance according to CLP, according to the REACH Reg. it is a mixture.

4 SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information

- Exposures to hydrofluoric acid are typical. Serious life-threatening effects may occur immediately or within 24 hours after exposure.
- Before providing first aid or medical treatment, always decontaminate the victims of exposure.
- First-aiders should wear personal protective equipment when assisting and decontaminating victims.
- First-aiders should wear gloves before touching exposed areas or applying calcium gluconate gel to victims.
- In case of splashes on eyes and face, treat the eyes first.
- In case of exposure to hydrofluoric acid, always consult a doctor.

If inhaled

- Take the injured or exposed person out into the fresh air.
 - Consult a doctor immediately.
- Administer oxygen via mask at a rate of 12 litres per minute.
- Spray a 2.5% calcium gluconate solution for at least 15-20 minutes or until the exposed person is seen by a doctor.
- If calcium gluconate is not available, administer oxygen as described above until the victim is seen by a doctor.
- If breathing assistance is needed, use indirect methods such as resuscitation masks or self-expanding balloons. Do not perform mouth-to-mouth breathing.
- In case of exposure to hydrofluoric acid vapour, signs of exposure on skin and eyes are likely. Follow decontamination and first aid procedures for skin and eye exposure.
- If necessary, maintain support for vital functions.

In case of contact with the skin

- In case of skin exposure to hydrofluoric acid, go to the nearest water source or emergency shower. Turn on the water.
- During rinsing, remove all clothing, shoes and accessories.
- Finally, while keeping your eyes closed and facing the water jet, remove your goggles or respirator.
- Wear hydrofluoric acid resistant gloves when touching contaminated skin.
- Wash exposed parts for a maximum of 5 minutes if first aid treatment is immediately available. Otherwise, continue rinsing until emergency treatment becomes available.
- Apply 2.5% calcium gluconate gel immediately and massage on the affected area. Continue to massage and apply the gel for at least 15 minutes after pain relief.
- In case of contact with fingers or nails, even in the absence of pain, dip them in a 2.5% calcium gluconate bath for 15-20 minutes
- Consult a doctor as soon as possible. During transport to a medical facility or while waiting for the victim to be examined by a doctor, it is extremely important to continue to massage the calcium gluconate gel.
- If necessary, maintain support for vital functions.

In case of contact with the eyes



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- Decontamination: Go to the nearest clean water source and turn on the water. Ask a trained person to remove contact lenses if present (contact lenses should be prohibited), place eyes under the water jet and keep the eyelids open during rinsing.

- After rinsing, flush the eyes with a 1% calcium gluconate solution through a nasal cannula applied to the nasal bridge.

 Dispense 1000 cc of calcium gluconate solution in a continuous stream for at least 15 minutes, or if necessary until medical assistance is available.
- During transport to a medical facility or while waiting for the victim to be examined by a doctor, it is extremely important to continue to irrigate with calcium gluconate.
- Try to get a specialist medical examination and treatment as soon as possible.
- If necessary, maintain support for vital functions.

If swallowed

- If hydrofluoric acid is swallowed, the victim must immediately be transported to a medical facility. DO NOT induce vomiting.
- If the injured or exposed person is able, rinse the mouth with calcium solution without swallowing.
- If necessary, maintain support for vital functions.

4.2 Main symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

In case of contact with the skin

Symptoms

- Causes severe burns.
- Metabolic imbalances
- Potentially fatal cardiac arrhythmia

Effects

- HF penetrates very quickly into any epithelial tissue or organ with which it comes into contact and does not remain on the surface.
- Initially, the exposed parts will suffer possible local damage; the effects of exposure to HA may be more extensive and affect deeper tissues and may cause the following significant complications:
- In case of lower concentrations, symptoms may be delayed and may appear even 48 hours after exposure.
- It is completely absorbed into the body where it causes acute and severe toxic systemic effects, mainly due to rapid development of hypomagnsaemia and serum hypocalcaemia and enzyme blockage.

In case of contact with the eyes

Symptoms

- Causes severe burns.
- Blindness

Effects

- HF penetrates very quickly into any tissue with which it comes into contact and does not remain on the surface.
- Initially, the substances will burn locally and then penetrate deeper tissue causing the following significant complications:
- In case of lower concentrations, symptoms may be delayed and may appear even 48 hours after exposure.
- It is completely absorbed into the body where it causes acute and severe toxic systemic effects, mainly due to rapid development of hypomagnesaemia and serum hypocalcaemia and enzyme blockage.

If inhaled

Symptoms

- Causes severe burns.
- metabolic imbalances
- pulmonary oedema
- Potentially fatal cardiac arrhythmia

Effects

- Initially, the substances will burn locally and then penetrate deeper tissue causing the following significant complications:
- In case of lower concentrations, symptoms may be delayed and may appear even 48 hours after exposure.
- It is completely absorbed into the body where it causes acute and severe toxic systemic effects, mainly due to rapid development of hypomagnesaemia and serum hypocalcaemia and enzyme blockage.

If swallowed

Effects

- In case of lower concentrations, symptoms may be delayed and may appear even 48 hours after exposure.
- It is completely absorbed into the body where it causes acute and severe toxic systemic effects, mainly due to rapid development of hypomagnesaemia and serum hypocalcaemia and enzyme blockage.

4.2 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Consult a doctor immediately in case of exposure

5 SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

- Use extinguishing systems compatible with the local situation and with the surrounding environment.



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Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water may be ineffective.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture The product is not flammable

- Not combustible
- Dangerous decomposition products in case of fire.
- Releases hydrogen in reaction with metals.
- Reacts violently with water.

5.3 Recommendations for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

- Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.
- Wear specific PPE for HF
- Special activities for the protection of firefighters
- Use water jets in case of fire.
- Keep the product and empty containers away from heat and ignition sources.
- Cool containers/tanks with water spray.
- Avoid any possible contact with water.
- Approach the danger, keeping upwind

Further information

- Eliminate gas/vapour/mist with water jets.
- Cool containers/tanks with water spray.
- Avoid any possible contact with water.
 Approach the danger, keeping upwind

6 SECTION 6: MEASURES IN CASE OF ACCIDENTAL RELEASE

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for personnel not assigned to emergency situations

- Remove personnel to safe areas immediately.
- Keep people away from the leak, upwind.

Advice for personnel assigned to emergency situations

- Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing.
- Eliminate gas/vapour/mist with water jets.
- Avoid watering the place where the leak occurred.
- Air the premises.
- Avoid additional spills or leaks, if this can be done without danger. Keep away from incompatible products
- Vapours are heavier than air and can cause suffocation by reducing the oxygen available for breathing.

6.2 Environmental precautions

- It must not be abandoned in the environment.
- In case of pollution of rivers, lakes or sewers, inform the competent authorities in accordance with local laws.
- Do not dump the product in sewers.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and reclamation

- Do not dump the product in sewers.
- During the dilution process, always add the product to the water, never add water to the product.
- Neutralize with limewater or soda and rinse with plenty of water.
- Store in suitable closed containers for disposal.
- Contact with water develops heat and presents a risk of projections

6.4 References to other sections

- Refer to the protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

7 SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Use only in a well-ventilated place.
- Use in a closed system
- Use only clean and dry tools.
- Store away from water.
- Preferably, transfer by pump or gravity.
- Avoid inhaling, swallowing and contact with skin and eyes.
- Keep away from incompatible products

Hygiene measures

- Ensure that eye washers and emergency showers are close to the workstation. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.
- Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- Avoid contact with skin
- Wash hands before breaks and at the end of the working day.



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Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures/storage methods

- Keep the container tightly closed.
- Keep in a cool, well-ventilated place.
- Keep away from heat.
- Store in an area with a containment basin.
- Electrical equipment must be adequately protected in accordance with the appropriate standards.
- Keep in properly labelled containers.
- Close carefully and store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated place.
- Keep away from incompatible products

Packaging material

Suitable materials

- Coated steels

Unsuitable materials

- glass

7.3 Particular end uses

- For further information, please contact your supplier

8 SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with occupational exposure limits in the workplace

| Type of value | Value | Base |
|---------------|--|--|
| TWA | 1.8 ppm 1.5 mg/m3 | Indicative limit values for occupational exposure to chemical agents |
| STEL | 3 ppm 2.5 mg/m3 | Indicative limit values for occupational exposure to chemical agents |
| TWA | 1.8 ppm 1.5 mg/m3 | Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative limit values |
| | | |
| STEL | 3 ppm 2.5 mg/m3 | Commission Directive 2000/39/EC establishing a first list of indicative limit values |
| | | |
| TWA | 0.5 ppm | USA. ACGIH threshold limit values (TLV) |
| | | ide |
| C | 2 ppm | USA. ACGIH threshold limit values (TLV) |
| | | de |
| | TWA STEL TWA TWA Danger of s Type of nor C Danger of s | TWA 1.8 ppm 1.5 mg/m3 STEL 3 ppm 2.5 mg/m3 TWA 1.8 ppm 1.5 mg/m3 TWA 3 ppm 2.5 mg/m3 TWA TWA 0.5 ppm Danger of skin absorption Type of nomenclature: Fluori |

| Components | Type of value | Value | Base |
|------------|---------------|-------|------|



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| nydrogen fluoride | MAK | 2 mg/l Fluoride Urine Before the shift (16 hours after termination of exposure) | ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indicators (BEI) |
|-------------------|-----|--|--|
| | MAK | 3 mg/l Fluoride Urine At end of shift (as soon as possible after termination of exposure) | ACGIH - Biological Exposure Indicators (BEI) |

Derived no effect level (DNEL) / Derived minimal effect level (DMEL)

| Product name | Population | Exposure route | Potential health consequences | Exposure time | Value | Remarks |
|--|--------------------|----------------|-------------------------------------|---------------|------------|----------------------|
| ydrogen fluoride | Workers | Inhalation | Systemic effects, Local effects | Acute | 2.5 mg/m3 | Registration dossier |
| | Workers | Inhalation | Systemic effects | Long-term | 1.5 mg/m3 | Registration dossier |
| | Workers | Inhalation | Local effects | Long-term | 1.5 mg/m3 | Registration dossier |
| General population General population General population General population | General population | Inhalation | Systemic effects | Acute | 0.03 mg/m3 | Registration dossier |
| | General population | Oral | Systemic effects | Acute | 0.01 mg/kg | Registration dossier |
| | General population | Inhalation | Local effects | Acute | 1.25 mg/m3 | Registration dossier |
| | General population | Inhalation | Systemic effects | Long-term | 0.03 mg/m3 | Registration dossier |
| | General population | Oral | Systemic effects | Long-term | 0.01 mg/kg | Registration dossier |
| | General population | Inhalation | Local effects | Long-term | 1.25 mg/m3 | Registration dossier |

Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC)

| Product name | Compartment | Value | Remarks |
|-------------------|------------------------|----------|---------|
| hydrogen fluoride | Fresh water | 0.9 mg/l | CSR |
| | Sea water | 0.9 mg/l | CSR |
| | Soil | 11 mg/kg | CSR |
| | Sewage treatment plant | 51 mg/l | CSR |
| | Sediments | 0.766 | CSR |

- Minimize exposure to mists/vapours/aerosols. Before accessing the storage tanks and starting any kind of intervention in a confined space, check the atmosphere and verify the oxygen content.
- Monitoring procedures: refer to Legislative Decree 81/2008 as amended or to good industrial hygiene practices.



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8.2 Exposure controls

8.3 **Control measures**

Suitable technical controls

- Provide adequate ventilation near machinery.
- Apply the necessary technical measures to avoid exceeding the occupational exposure limit values.
- Use only with sufficient ventilation and in closed systems.

Personal protection measures

Respiratory protection

- In case of dust or aerosol formation, use breathing apparatus with an approved filter.
- Breathing apparatus with full face mask
- Self-contained air breathing apparatus with face mask in case of significant or unknown fumes
- In case of decomposition (see section 10), face mask with combined filter type B-P3 (UNI EN 14387:2004)
- Self-contained breathing apparatus in the following cases: confined environment/ insufficient oxygen/ significant fumes/ where the face mask with filter does not offer adequate protection

Hand protection

- Gloves resistant to chemical agents and perfectly sealed, refer to UNI EN 374. Gloves must be inspected periodically and replaced in case of wear, perforation or contamination.
- Keep in mind the information given by the manufacturer regarding permeability, penetration times, and conditions at the workplace (mechanical stress, contact duration).

Suitable materials

Fluoroelastomer, with a chemical protection index of at least 5 (permeation time > 240 minutes), thickness of at least 0.35

Eye protection

- Wear safety goggles suitable for chemical hazards. (EN 166)
- If there is a risk of splashing, wear: Protective visor

Skin and body protection

- Full protective clothing resistant to chemicals
- **Boots**
- Do not use leather shoes.
- Refer to UNI EN standard 14605:2005.

Hygiene measures

- Ensure that eye washers and emergency showers are close to the workstation.
- Remove contaminated clothing and shoes immediately.
- Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
- Avoid contact with: Skin
- Wash hands before breaks and at the end of the working day.
- Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practices.

Environmental exposure controls

Dispose of the washing water according to national and local regulations.

9 **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Physical state: liquid Colour: colourless

Smell acrid

Odour detection threshold No data available

рΗ < 10 pKa: 3.2

Melting point/freezing point Melting point: -50°C Initial boiling point and boiling range Boiling point: 111°C Flash point Not applicable Evaporation rate (butylacetate = 1) No data available

Flammability (solids, gas) The product is not flammable

Flammability/Explosion limit Explosion index: with certain materials (see section 10)

Auto-ignition temperature Not applicable Vapour pressure 1,222.60 hPa (25°C)

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Vapour density 2.4 (20°C) Relative density: 1.14 g/l (20°C)

Solubility Water solubility: completely soluble

Solubility in other solvents: Not applicable

Decomposition temperature No data available

Viscosity Dynamic viscosity: 1.33 hPa (0°C)

Explosive properties No data available **Oxidizing properties** Not applicable

9.2 other information None

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

- Reacts violently with water.
- Risk of explosion.
- Risk of violent reaction.

10.2 Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of dangerous reactions

- Corrosive in contact with metals. Releases hydrogen in reaction with metals.
- Reacts violently with water, alkalis and amines.

Conditions to be avoided

Exposure to moisture.

10.5 Incompatible materials / substances

- Glass
- Alkali
- Amines

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrogen

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on toxicological effects 11.1

Acute toxicity Acute oral toxicity scientifically unjustified study

Acute inhalation toxicity LC50 - 1 h (gas): 2,240 - 2,340 ppm - Rat, male

dry air Damp air

Acute skin toxicity NOEC: 2 %(m) - On rabbit

Substance to be tested: solution Exposure time

1 min

NOEC: 0.01 %(m) - On rabbit Substance to be tested: solution

Exposure time 30 min

Derelanko MJ, Gad SC, Gavigan F & Dunn BJ (1985)

5% hydrofluoric acid, Martins (1990): corrosive effects

The EU RAR for HF detects that skin contact with liquid or gaseous HF can cause not only serious skin lesions but also systemic (cardiac) effects that can be fatal.

The substance is classified as corrosive. Standard OECD 404 study performed with

Acute toxicity (for other routes of No data available

administration)

Carcinogenicity

Skin corrosion/irritation

Severe eye injuries/severe eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

only moderate irritation with 1.06% hydrofluoric acid. Local effects of HF exposure are corrosion/irritation. There is no evidence of

respiratory sensitisation (asthma) due to occupational exposure.

The substance is classified as corrosive. However, some studies are already available: Thyssen (1981) detects no ocular effects with 0.13% hydrofluoric acid and

No studies with HF are available. High quality NTP studies are available in rat and mouse for sodium fluoride. The EU RAR has reviewed all available data for HF and

NaF and the conclusion is that fluoride is not carcinogenic in animals.



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Oral

NOAEL: 175ppm

Substance to be tested: Sodium fluoride

drinking water Mouse Oral

NOAEL: 175ppm

Substance to be tested: Sodium fluoride

drinking water

no carcinogenic effects have been observed

Toxic for reproduction and development

Toxic for reproduction/fertility

By analogy

Two-generation study - Male and female rat

Oral

Fertility NOAEL Parent: 10 mg/kg Fertility NOAEL F1: 10 mg/kg

Substance to be tested, Sodium fluoride, drinking water. The product is not

considered to have any effect on fertility.

Developmental toxicity/Teratogenicity No studies with HF are available. However, a number of studies with the substance

NaF read-across are available, including high quality studies conducted by USP NTP and FDA. There is no evidence for the toxicity of fluoride development.

Oral

Teratogenicity NOAEL:14mg/kg

Substance to be tested, Sodium fluoride, drinking water. The product is not

considered toxic for development.

STOT

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) - single

exposure

Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) -

repeated exposure

The substance or mixture is not classified as toxic to target organs as a result of

single exposure according to CLP criteria

The substance or mixture is not classified as toxic to target organs as a result of

repeated exposure according to CLP criteria.

Target organs: Bones, Teeth, Kidney

Studies are available for sodium fluoride, therefore read-across is proposed. The primary effects of repeated exposure to water-soluble fluoride compounds in the oral cavity are to the skeletal system and teeth. The primary effects for repeated inhalation exposure are local respiratory irritation and effects on teeth while effects on the skeletal system are secondary to fluoride incorporation. Oral - Mouse, male and female LOAEL: 50 ppm

Substance to be tested: Sodium fluoride Target organs: Skeleton Inhalation 90 days - Rat, male and female NOAEC: 0.72 mg/m3

Experience on human exposure

Evidence from epidemiological studies in humans indicates that prolonged exposure

to fluoride causes dental and skeletal effects

Not applicable

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Aquatic compartment

Aspiration toxicity

Acute toxicity to fish LC50 - 96 h: 51 mg/l - Fish, Onchoryhnchus

Fresh water

mykiss Janssen (1989

Acute toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

Numerous studies with sodium fluoride are available, carried out using unrecognised

methods.

EC50 values for daphnia range from 10.5 to 352 mg/L; benthic insect larvae were more sensitive, with EC50 values of 26-48 mg/L. Most representative studies:

Daphnia magna

EC50 - 48 h: 10.5mg/l EC50 - 48 h: 97 mg/l EC50 - 24 h: 352 mg/l

Static test

Substance to be tested: Sodium fluoride

Fresh water

Trichoptera aquatic larvae EC50 - 96 h: 26-48 mg/l

Static test

Substance to be tested: Sodium fluoride

Marine species salt water



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Toxicity to aquatic plants

Numerous short-term studies are summarised and reviewed in the EU RAR and the Dutch ICD. EC50 values for freshwater algae are reported between 43 and 122 mg/L (as fluoride ion, F-). For marine algae EC50 is 81 mg/L in a single study with Skeletonema costatum. In long-term studies, NOEC values of 50 -249 mg/L and 50 -200 mg/L are reported for marine algae and soft water algae respectively.

EC50 - 96 h: 43 mg/l -

EC50 - 96 h: 122 mg/l - Algae EC50 - 96 h: 81 mg/l - Algae NOEC - 7 Days: 50 mg/l NOEC - 8 Days: 249 mg/l NOEC - 14 Days: 50-200 mg/l

Toxicity to micro-organisms

No data available

Chronic toxicity to fish

A 21-day study on Oncoryhychus mykiss with sodium fluoride was examined in the EU RAR and with ICD fluoride (RIVM). NOEC of 4 mg / is not considered relevant

NOEC: 4 mg/l - 21 Days - Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout)

Static test

Substance to be tested: Sodium fluoride

Fresh water

Chronic toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

The EU RAR summarises the effects on reproduction of sodium fluoride on Daphnia magna in two studies. The two studies report NOEC values of 3.7 and 14.1 mg/L, with an arithmetic mean of 8.9 mg/L.

with an antimotic mean of c.c mg/L.

NOEC: 8.9 mg/l - 21 Days - Daphnia magna Static test

Substance to be tested: Sodium fluoride

Fresh water

12.2 persistence and degradability

abiotic degradation

Photodegradation

HF is highly reactive and, once released into the environment, is unlikely to remain in its original form for a significant period of time. HF dissociates rapidly in the presence of water vapour or in water to form hydrogen and fluoride ions and will be further transformed in air, water, sediment and soil into a variety of other fluorine-containing compounds.

Air

neutralisation by natural alkalinity

Physical and photochemical elimination

No data available

Biodegradation

The methods for determining biological degradability are not applicable to nonorganic substances.

12.3 Bioaccumulation potential

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Does not bio-accumulate

12.4 Mobility in the soil

Absorption potential (Koc, organic carbon absorption)

Mobility in the soil: fluoride adsorbs strongly in the soil, is essentially immobile and does not reach the aquifer

Distribution by known environmental compartment

HF is unstable and hydrolyses rapidly in the environment to form other fluorine-containing compounds. The behaviour of fluorine in water depends on pH and mineral content. Fluoride deposits in sediments as insoluble complexes and is essentially immobile in the soil due to its incorporation into insoluble complexes. Adsorption to the solid phase of the soil is stronger with slightly acidic pH values (5.5-6.5).

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not applicable (inorganic substance)



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12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available

13 SECTION 13: CONSIDERATIONS ON DISPOSAL

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Destruction/Elimination

- In accordance with local and national regulations.
- Ask the manufacturer/supplier for information on recovery/recycling.
 - Absorb the product in a potassium hydrate solution.
- Possible elimination from water by precipitation.
- Filter the product and send the solid residue to an authorised landfill for industrial waste.
- Dispose of the filtered liquid in waste water treatment plants

Recommendations on cleaning and disposal of packaging

- Clean the container with water.
- Empty and clean packaging can be reused, recycled or disposed of in accordance with local/national regulations.
- As far as possible, use a "shuttle" packaging reserved for this product

14 SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

| <u>ADR</u> | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| 14.1 UN Number | UN 1790 |
| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | HYDROFLUORIC ACID |
| 14.3 Transport hazard classes | 8 |
| Subsidiary hazard class | 6.1 |
| Label(s): | 8 (6.1) |
| 14.4 Packaging group | |
| Packaging group | II. |

Packaging group II
Classification code CT1
14.5 Environmental hazards NO

14.6 Special precautions for users

Hazard identification number 86
Tunnel restriction code (E)

See Section 8 for personal protective equipment

| Α | D | Ν |
|---|---|---|
| | | |

| 14.2 UN proper shipping name | HYDROFLUORIC ACID |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| 14.3 Transport hazard classes | 8 |
| Cultarialianu hamanal alaas | 0.1 |

UN 1790

Subsidiary hazard class 6.1
Label(s): 8 (6.1)

14.4 Packaging group

14.1 UN Number

Packaging group II
Classification code CT1
14.5 Environmental hazards NO

14.6 Special precautions for users

Hazard identification number 86
Tunnel restriction code -

See Section 8 for personal protective equipment

RID

14.1 UN Number UN 1790

14.2 UN proper shipping name HYDROFLUORIC ACID



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14.3 Transport hazard classes 8 Subsidiary hazard class 6.1 Label(s): 8 (6.1)

14.4 Packaging group

Packaging group Ш Classification code CT1 14.5 Environmental hazards NO

14.6 Special precautions for users

Hazard identification number 86 Tunnel restriction code

See Section 8 for personal protective equipment

IMDG

14.1 UN Number UN 1790

14.2 UN proper shipping name HYDROFLUORIC ACID

14.3 Transport hazard classes Subsidiary hazard class 6.1 Label(s): 8 (6.1)

14.4 Packaging group

Packaging group Ш 14.5 Marine pollutant environmental hazards NO

14.6 Special precautions for users

F-A. S-B EMS no

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of

MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

No data available

See Section 8 for personal protective equipment

IATA

14.1 UN Number UN 1790

14.2 UN proper shipping name Not authorised for transport 14.3 Transport hazard classes Not authorised for transport

14.5 Environmental hazards

14.6 Special precautions for users

Packing instructions (cargo aircraft) Not authorised for transport Packing instructions (passenger aircraft) Not authorised for transport

See Section 8 for personal protective equipment

Note: The above regulatory requirements are those in force on the date of completion of the form. However, taking into account the possible evolution of the regulations concerning the transport of dangerous products, it is advisable to check their validity with your commercial agency.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Other legislation

- Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), as amended. Title VIII Restrictions: the product is subject to Restrictions
- Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH), as amended. Title VII Authorisation: Product not subject to authorisation.



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 Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, as amended.

- Council Directive 98/24/EC of 7 April 1998 on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work, and subsequent amendments (Legislative Decree 81/08).

Title IX, Chapter I: Hazardous chemical agent

Title IX, Chapter II: Non-carcinogenic/mutagenic agent

- Category Seveso (Dir. 2012/18/EU) Legislative Decree 105/2015): Annex 1, part 1: category H2 Acute toxicity
- European Waste Catalogue
- Waste codes must be assigned by the user according to the application that has been made of this product.

| Inventory Information | Situation |
|---|--|
| United States TSCA Inventory | Listed in this inventory |
| Mexico INSQ (INSQ) | Listed in this inventory |
| Canadian Domestic Substances List (DSL) | Listed in this inventory |
| New Zealand. Inventory of Chemical Substances | Listed in this inventory |
| Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS) | Listed in this inventory |
| Japan. CSCL - Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances | Listed in this inventory |
| Korea. Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory (KECI) | Listed in this inventory |
| China. Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC) | Listed in this inventory |
| Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS) | Listed in this inventory |
| EU. European Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH) | If purchased from an Alkeemia European legal entity, this product complies with the registration provisions of REACH Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 as all its components are excluded, exempt, pre-registered and/or registered. If purchased from a non-European legal entity, please contact your local representative for further information. |

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

- A Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance.
- See Exposure scenario

16 SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

References to hazard statements in full text under paragraphs 2 and 3.

H300 Fatal if swallowed.H310 Fatal in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

- H330 Fatal if inhaled.

Explanation or legend of abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

- C Maximum limit

- STEL Limit Values - Short Term
- TWA Limit Values - 8 Hours

Information on training

Provide appropriate training for workers potentially exposed to this substance based on the contents of this safety data sheet.

Main bibliographical sources

CSR (Chemical safety report) ECHA.



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Revisions

This document is the first issue by FLUORSID ALKEEMIA SpA.

Further information

NB: In this document the digital separator of the thousands is "," (comma), the decimal separator is "." (period).

The information contained in this Safety Data Sheet has been compiled to the best of our knowledge on the date of publication of this document. This information is provided for guidance only in order to assist the user in carrying out the handling, use, treatment, storage, transport, disposal and use of the product in satisfactory conditions of safety, and should therefore not be construed as a guarantee, or considered as quality specifications. It completes the technical instructions, but does not replace them. This information relates only to the precisely designated product and, unless specifically stated otherwise, is not applicable when the product is used together with other substances, or used in other manufacturing processes. In no event does this information exempt the user from making sure that he is in compliance with the entire legislation governing his activity.



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Annex

List of scenarios

1.1 Description of the situation

1. ES1 : Industrial use, Use as an intermediate

2. ES2: Industrial use, Catalyst in alkylation reactions

3. ES3: Professional use, Laboratory use

4. ES4: Industrial use, Mining, enrichment, purification of minerals and metals,

5. ES5: Industrial use, Passivation of metal surfaces

6. ES6: Industrial use, Constructions

7. 7 ES7: Formulation and (re)packaging of substances and mixtures

8. 8 ES8 : Industrial use, Cleaning of drums and pipes

9. 9 ES9: Industrial use, Semiconductor in the electronics and solar industry

17 ES1: INDUSTRIAL USE, USE AS AN INTERMEDIATE

| SU 3 | Industrial uses: uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites |
|--------|--|
| SU8 | Large-scale production of basic chemicals (including petroleum products) |
| SU9 | Manufacture of fine chemicals |
| ERC6a | Industrial use resulting in the production of another substance (use of intermediates) |
| PROC1 | Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely |
| PROC2 | Use in a closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure |
| PROC3 | Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) |
| PROC4 | Use in batch and other processes (synthesis), where opportunities |
| | for exposure occur |
| PROC8b | Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities |
| PROC9 | Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) |
| PC19 | Intermediate substances |
| | SU8 SU9 ERC6a PROC1 PROC2 PROC3 PROC4 PROC8b |

1.2. Conditions of use with effects on exposure

1.2.1 Contributing scenario that controls environmental exposure for: ERC6a Industrial use resulting in the production of another substance (use of intermediates)

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless

otherwise stated).

Quantity

Daily local emission into waste water 14.6 kg

Environmental factors

flow rate 20,000 m3/d

Dilution factor (River)

Other determined operating conditions involving environmental exposure

300 Number of days of emission per year: Emission or Release Factor: Air: 0.05 %

Technical conditions and precautionary measures/organisational measures

Use in a closed gas extractor system (Efficiency (of a precautionary Air

measure): 99%)

Water Chemical precipitation



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Conditions and measures concerning the waste water treatment plant

Type of waste water treatment plant none

Effluent flow rate of a waste water treatment plant 2,000 m3/d

1.2.2 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC2 Use in a closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure, PROC3 Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation), PROC4 Use in batch and other processes (synthesis), where opportunities for exposure occur, PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities, PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) Anhydrous form

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless

otherwise stated).

Physical Form (at the time of use) gaseous, Anhydrous form

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Respiratory volume 10 m

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers
outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

<u>Technical conditions and precautions</u> with local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills,

dispersion and exposure

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Conditions and measures concerning personal Wea

protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable work clothing, safety shoes

Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory

protective equipment

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling.

1.2.3 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC1 Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely Anhydrous form

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless

otherwise stated).

Physical Form (at the time of use) gaseous, Anhydrous form

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

<u>Technical conditions and precautions</u> with local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills,

dispersion and exposure

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

<u>Conditions and measures concerning personal</u> Wear suitable work clothing, safety shoes

protection, hygiene and health assessment Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory

protective equipment

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling.

1.2.4 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC1 Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely, PROC2 Use in a closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure, PROC3 Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or



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formulation), PROC4 Use in batch and other processes (synthesis), where opportunities for exposure occur, PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities, PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) 40-85%, aqueous solution

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to

Physical Form (at the time of use) 40-85%, aqueous solution

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated

otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, Wear suitable work clothing, safety shoes

hygiene and health assessment Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor,

respiratory protective equipment

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after

handling.

1.2.5 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC1 Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely, PROC2 Use in a closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure, PROC3 Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation), PROC4 Use in batch and other processes (synthesis), where opportunities for exposure occur, PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities, PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) <40%, Aqueous solution

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to

Physical Form (at the time of use) < 40%, aqueous solution

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated

otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable work clothing, safety shoes

Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor,

respiratory protective equipment

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after

handling.

1.3. Exposure assessment and reference to its origin

Environment

| Emission factor | Type of value | Compartment | Environmental exposure | RCR |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|------------------------|-------|
| ERC6a | local PEC | Fresh water | 0.73 mg/l | 0.811 |



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| Fresh water sediment | 0.622 mg/kg (dry | 0.812 |
|----------------------|-------------------|---------|
| | material) | |
| Sea water | 0.073 mg/l | 0.0811 |
| Marine sediment | 0.0622 mg/kg | 0.0812 |
| | (dry material) | |
| Farming land | 0.0017 mg/kg (pp) | 0.00015 |
| Meadow | 0.0017 mg/kg (pp) | 0.00015 |
| STP | 7.3 mg/l | 0.143 |

Human health

| Contributing scenario | 9 1 | | Exposure level | RCR |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------|--------|
| PROC2 | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.208 mg/m ³ | 0.139 |
| ROC3, PROC4 | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.417 mg/m ³ | 0.278 |
| PROC8b | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.188 mg/m ³ | 0.125 |
| PROC9 | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.833 mg/m ³ | 0.555 |
| PROC8b | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.184 mg/m ³ | 0.0736 |
| PROC9 | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.818 mg/m ³ | 0.327 |
| PROC1 | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.008 mg/m ³ | 0.005 |
| PROC1, PROC2 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.001 mg/m ³ | 0.0007 |
| PROC3, PROC8b, PROC9 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.01 mg/m ³ | 0.007 |
| PROC4 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.05 mg/m ³ | 0.033 |
| PROC8b, PROC9 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.02 mg/m ³ | 0.008 |
| PROC1, PROC2 | <40%, Aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.001 mg/m ³ | 0.0007 |
| PROC3, PROC8b, PROC9 | <40%, Aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.01 mg/m ³ | 0.007 |
| PROC4 | <40%, Aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.05 mg/m ³ | 0.033 |
| PROC8b, PROC9 | <40%, Aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.02 mg/m ³ | 0.008 |

RCR = Risk characterisation report

| ERC6a | Exposure Assessment Method: EUSES v2.1 |
|---------------|--|
| PROC2 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC3, PROC4 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC8b | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC9 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC8b | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC9 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC1 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC1, PROC2 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC3, | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC8b, PROC9 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC4 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC8b, PROC9 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC1, PROC2 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC3, | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| | |



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PROC8b. PROC9 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC4 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC8b, PROC9 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE

1.4. Guide for downstream users to assess whether they are working within the limits set by the Exposure Scenario

1.4.1 Environment

If a downstream user has operating conditions/RMM that do not comply with the specifications in the exposure scenario, he will be able to assess whether he is operating within the limits set in the exposure scenario through the scale assessment in the EUSES.

The main parameters to consider are:

- local quantity used (tonnage)
- emission factor before on-site treatment
- presence of the waste water treatment plant on site and efficiency
- dilution factor

The required removal efficiency for waste water can be achieved by adopting on-site/off-site technologies, alone or in combination.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, users should ensure risk management to at least equivalent levels.

1.4.2 Health

Expected exposures should not exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operating conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, users should ensure risk management to at least equivalent levels.

ES2: INDUSTRIAL USE, CATALYST IN ALKYLATION REACTIONS

2.1. Description of the situation

| Main user groups | SU 3 | Industrial uses: uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites |
|--------------------------------|----------------|--|
| Sector of end use | SU8 | Large-scale production of basic chemicals (including petroleum products) |
| | SU9 | Manufacture of fine chemicals |
| Environmental release category | ERC6b | Industrial use of reactive technological aids |
| Process category | PROC1 PROC2 | Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely Use in a closed, continuous process with occasional |
| | | controlled exposure |
| | PROC8b | Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities |
| | PROC9 | Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) |
| Product category | PC20 | Products such as pH regulators, flocculants, precipitators, neutralising agents |
| | | |

2.2. Conditions of use with effects on exposure

2.2.1 Contributing scenario that controls environmental exposure for: ERC6b Industrial use of reactive technological aids

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless

otherwise stated).

Quantity

Daily local emission into wastewater 14.6 kg

waste water

Environmental factors

flow rate 20,000 m3/d



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Dilution factor (River) 1

Other determined operating conditions involving environmental exposure

Number of days of emission per year 20 Emission or Release Factor: Air 0.001 %

Technical conditions and precautionary measures/organisational measures

Air Use in a closed gas extractor system (Efficiency (of a precautionary

measure): 99%)

Water Chemical precipitation

Conditions and measures concerning the waste water treatment plant

Type of waste water treatment plant none

Effluent flow rate of a waste water treatment plant 2,000 m3/d

2.2.2 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC1 Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the the Mixture/Article Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise

stated).

Physical Form (at the time of use) gaseous, Anhydrous form

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours

(unless indicated otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by

risk management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

<u>Technical conditions and</u> without local extraction ventilation system

precautions

<u>Organisational measures to</u> It is assumed that good basic occupational

<u>avoid/limit spills, dispersion and</u> hygiene standards are applied.

exposure

Conditions and measuresWear suitable work clothing, safety shoesconcerning personal protection,Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374,hygiene and health assessmentProtective visor, respiratory protective

equipment

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling.

2.2.3 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC2 Use in a closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure, PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities, PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless

otherwise stated).

Physical Form (at the time of use) gaseous, Anhydrous form

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

<u>Technical conditions and precautions</u> with local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills. It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.



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dispersion and exposure

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable work clothing, safety shoes

Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective equipment

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling.

2.3. Exposure assessment and reference to its origin

Environment

| Emission factor | Type of value | Compartment | Environmental exposure | RCR |
|-----------------|---------------|---|-------------------------------|------------|
| ERC6b | local PEC | Fresh water | 0.73 mg/l | 0.81 |
| | | Fresh water sediment | 0.622 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.812 |
| | | Sea water | 0.073 mg/l | 0.081 |
| | | Marine sediment 0.0622 mg/kg (dry material) | | 0.0812 |
| | | Farming land | < 0.0000001 mg/kg (pp) | < 0.000001 |
| | | Meadow | < 0.0000001 mg/kg (pp) | < 0.000001 |
| | | STP | 7.3 mg/l | 0.143 |

Human health

| Contributing scenario | Specific conditions | Type of value | Exposure level | RCR |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|--------|
| PROC1 | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.008 mg/m ³ | 0.0056 |
| PROC2 | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.102 mg/m ³ | 0.068 |
| PROC8b | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.092 mg/m ³ | 0.061 |
| PROC9 | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.409 mg/m ³ | 0.273 |
| PROC8b | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.184 mg/m ³ | 0.074 |
| PROC9 | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.818 mg/m ³ | 0.327 |

RCR = Risk characterisation report

| ERC6b | Exposure Assessment Method: EUSES v2.1 |
|--------|--|
| PROC1 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC2 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC8b | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC9 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC8b | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC9 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |

2.4. Guide for downstream users to assess whether they are working within the limits set by the Exposure Scenario

Expected exposures should not exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operating conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, users should ensure risk management to at least equivalent levels.

19 ES3: PROFESSIONAL USE, LABORATORY USE

3.1. Description of the situation

Sector of end use SU22 Public domain (administration, teaching,

entertainment, services, crafts)

Environmental release category ERC8a Wide dispersive indoor use of technological aids in open

systems



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ERC8b Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems

PROC15 Process category Use as laboratory reagents Product category PC21 Laboratory chemicals

3.2. Conditions of use with effects on exposure

3.2.1 Contributing scenario that controls environmental exposure for: ERC8a Wide dispersive indoor use of technological aids in open systems, ERC8b Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article

Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise

stated).

Quantity

Maximum annual quantity used 1 t Daily quantity per site 3.33 kg Daily local emission into waste water 14.6 kg

Environmental factors

20.000 m3/d flow rate

Dilution factor (River)

Other determined operating conditions involving environmental exposure

Number of days of emission per year 300

Technical conditions and precautionary measures/organisational measures

Air Use in a closed gas extractor system

Water Chemical precipitation

Conditions and measures concerning the waste water treatment plant

Type of waste water treatment plant On-site waste water treatment plant

Effluent flow rate of a waste water treatment plant 2.000 m3/d

3.2.2 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC15 Use as laboratory reagents Anhydrous form

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the

Mixture/Article

Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise

Physical Form (at the time of use) gaseous, Anhydrous form

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise). Remarks

Human factors not influenced by risk

management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

Technical conditions and precautions with local extraction ventilation system, Working in a fume extraction hood.

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills,

dispersion and exposure

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Wear suitable work clothing, Safety shoes

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective

equipment

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling



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3.2.3 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC15 Use as laboratory reagents 40-85%, aqueous solution

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise

Mixture/Article stated).

40-85%, aqueous solution Physical Form (at the time of use)

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk

management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

Technical conditions and precautions with local extraction ventilation system, Working in a fume extraction hood.

Organisational measures to avoid/limit

spills, dispersion and exposure

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health

assessment

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Wear suitable work clothing, Safety shoes

Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective

equipment

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling

3.3. Exposure assessment and reference to its origin

Environment

| Emission factor | Type of value | Compartment | Environmental exposure | RCR |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------|
| ERC8a, ERC8b | local PEC | Fresh water | 0.73 mg/l | 0.811 |
| | | Fresh water sediment | 0.622 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.812 |
| | | Sea water | 0.073 mg/l | 0.0811 |
| | | Marine sediment | 0.0622 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.0812 |
| | | Farming land | < 0.0000001 mg/kg (pp) | < 0.000001 |
| | | Meadow | < 0.0000001 mg/kg (pp) | < 0.000001 |
| | | STP | 7.3 mg/l | 0.143 |

Human health

| Contributing scenario | Specific conditions | Type of value | Exposure level | RCR |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|
| PROC15 | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.102 mg/m ³ | 0.068 |
| PROC15 | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.204 mg/m ³ | 0.08 |
| PROC15 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - local | 0.01 mg/m ³ | 0.007 |
| PROC15 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.02 mg/m ³ | 0.008 |

RCR = Risk characterisation report

ERC8a, ERC8b Exposure Assessment Method: EUSES v2.1 PROC15 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC15 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC15 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC15 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE



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3.4. Guide for downstream users to assess whether they are working within the limits set by the Exposure Scenario

Expected exposures should not exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operating conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, users should ensure risk management to at least equivalent levels.

Expected exposures should not exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operating conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, users should ensure risk management to at least equivalent levels.

20 ES4: INDUSTRIAL USE, MINING, ENRICHMENT PURIFICATION OF MINERALS AND METALS,

4.1. Description of the situation

| Main user groups | SU 3 | Industrial uses: uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites |
|--------------------------------|--------|--|
| Sector of end use | SU14 | Metallurgical activities, including alloys |
| | SU15 | Manufacture of fabricated metal products, except |
| | | machinery and equipment |
| | SU2a | Mining activities (except offshore industries) |
| Environmental release category | ERC4 | Industrial use of technological aids, which do not form part of |
| Environmental release category | LIIO4 | articles |
| | ERC6b | Industrial use of reactive technological aids |
| Process category | PROC1 | Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely |
| 5 , | PROC2 | Use in a closed, continuous process with occasional |
| | | controlled exposure |
| | PROC3 | Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) |
| | PROC4 | Use in batch and other processes (synthesis), where opportunities |
| | | for exposure occur |
| | PROC7 | Industrial spray application |
| | PROC13 | Treatment of articles by immersion and casting |
| | PROC8b | Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to |
| | | vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities |
| | | |
| | PROC9 | Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers |
| | | (dedicated filling line, including weighing) |
| | PROC19 | Manual mixing with direct contact, using only personal protective |
| | | equipment |
| Product category | PC14 | Products for the treatment of metallic surfaces, including |
| 1 Toddet category | 1014 | galvanic and electroplating products |
| | PC15 | Products for the treatment of non-metallic surfaces |
| | | |
| | PC35 | Washing and cleaning products (including solvent-based |
| | DO 40 | products) |
| | PC40 | Extraction agents |

4.2. Conditions of use with effects on exposure

4.2.1 Contributing scenario that controls environmental exposure for: ERC4 Industrial use of technological aids, which do not form part of articles, ERC6b Industrial use of reactive technological aids

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article

Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 85%

Quantity

Daily local emission into 14.6 kg

waste water

Environmental factors

flow rate 20,000 m3/d

Dilution factor (River) 10

Other determined operating conditions involving environmental exposure

Number of days of emission per year 100
Emission or Release Factor: Air 0.001 %

Technical conditions and precautionary measures/organisational measures

Air Use in a closed gas extractor system (Efficiency of a precautionary

measure: 99%)



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Water Chemical precipitation

Conditions and measures concerning the waste water treatment plant

Type of waste water treatment plant On-site waste water treatment plant

Effluent flow rate of a waste water treatment plant 2,000 m3/d

4.2.2 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC1 Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely 40-85%, aqueous solution

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the

Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 85%

Mixture/Article

Physical Form (at the time of use) 40-85%, aqueous solution

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk management

10 m3 Respiratory volume

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

Technical conditions and precautions

without local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills, dispersion and exposure

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable work clothing, Safety shoes

Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective equipment

Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling

4.2.3 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC1 Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely <40% **Aqueous solution**

Product characteristics

Mixture/Article

Concentration of the substance in the

Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 40%

Physical Form (at the time of use) <40%, Aqueous solution

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk

management

Respiratory volume Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

> outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

Technical conditions and precautions

without local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills, dispersion and exposure

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable work clothing, Safety shoes

Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective equipment



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Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling

4.2.4 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC2 Use in a closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure, PROC3 Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation), PROC4 Use in batch and other processes (synthesis), where opportunities for exposure occur, PROC7 Industrial spray application, PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities, PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing), PROC13 Treatment of articles by immersion and casting, PROC19 Manual mixing with direct contact, using only personal protective equipment 40-85%, aqueous solution

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 85%

Physical Form (at the time of use) 40-85%, aqueous solution

Technical conditions and precautions with local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills, dispersion and

exposure

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection,

hygiene and health assessment

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Wear suitable work clothing, Safety shoes. Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective equipment Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash

thoroughly after handling

4.2.5 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC2 Use in a closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure, PROC3 Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation), PROC4 Use in batch and other processes (synthesis), where opportunities for exposure occur, PROC7 Industrial spray application, PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities, PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing), PROC13, Treatment of articles by immersion and casting, PROC19.. Manual mixing with direct contact, using only personal protective equipment < 40% Aqueous solution

Concentration of the substance in the

Mixture/Article

Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 40%

Physical Form (at the time of use) <40%, Aqueous solution

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

Technical conditions and precautions

with local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills, dispersion and exposure

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable work clothing, Safety shoes

Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective equipment, Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling.

4.3. Exposure assessment and reference to its origin

Environment

| Emission factor | Type of value | Compartment | Environmental exposure | RCR |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------------|------------------------|--------|
| ERC4, ERC6b | local PEC | Fresh water | 0.73 mg/l | 0.811 |
| | | Fresh water sediment | 0.622 mg/kg (dry | 0.812 |
| | | | material) | |
| | | Sea water | 0.073 mg/l | 0.0811 |



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| Marine sediment | 0.0622 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.0812 | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------|------------|--|
| Farming land | 0.000003 mg/kg (pp) | < 0.000001 | |
| Meadow | 0.000003 mg/kg (pp) | < 0.000001 | |
| STP | 7.3 mg/l | 0.143 | |

Human health

| Contributing scenario | Specific conditions | Type of value | Exposure level | RCR |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|-------------------------|--------|
| PROC1 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.008 mg/m ³ | 0.0056 |
| PROC1 | <40%, Aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.008 mg/m ³ | 0.0056 |
| PROC2 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.001 mg/m ³ | 0.0007 |
| PROC3, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.01 mg/m ³ | 0.007 |
| PROC4, PROC19 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.05 mg/m ³ | 0.033 |
| PROC7 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.025 mg/m ³ | 0.017 |
| PROC7 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.05 mg/m ³ | 0.02 |
| PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.02 mg/m ³ | 0.008 |
| PROC19 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.1 mg/m ³ | 0.04 |
| PROC3, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13 | <40%, Aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.01 mg/m ³ | 0.007 |
| PROC4, PROC19 | <40%, Aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.05 mg/m ³ | 0.033 |
| PROC7 | <40%, Aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.025 mg/m ³ | 0.017 |
| PROC7 | <40%, Aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.05 mg/m ³ | 0.02 |
| PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13 | <40%, Aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.02 mg/m ³ | 0.008 |
| PROC19 | <40%, Aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.1 mg/m ³ | 0.04 |

RCR = Risk characterisation report

Exposure Assessment Method: EUSES v2.1 ERC4, ERC6b PROC1 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC1 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC2 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC3, Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC8b, Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC9, PROC13 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC4, PROC19 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC7 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC7 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC8b, Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC9, PROC13 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC19 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC3, Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC8b, Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE



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PROC9, PROC13

Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE
PROC4, PROC19

Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE
PROC7

Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE
PROC7

Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE
PROC8b,

Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE
PROC9, PROC13

Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE
PROC19

Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE

4.4. Guide for downstream users to assess whether they are working within the limits set by the Exposure Scenario

Expected exposures should not exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operating conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, users should ensure risk management to at least equivalent levels.

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21 ES5: INDUSTRIAL USE, PASSIVATION OF METAL SURFACES

5.1. Description of the situation

| Main user groups | SU 3 | Industrial uses: uses of substances as such or in preparations at industrial sites |
|--------------------------------|--------|--|
| Environmental release category | ERC5 | Industrial use resulting in inclusion in or application to a matrix |
| Process category | PROC1 | Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely |
| | PROC8b | Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities |
| | PROC9 | Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) |
| Product category | PC14 | Products for the treatment of metallic surfaces, including galvanic and electroplating products |
| | | |

5.2. Conditions of use with effects on exposure

5.2.1 Contributing scenario that controls environmental exposure for: ERC5 Industrial use resulting in inclusion in or application to a matrix

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article

Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise stated).

Quantity

Daily local emission into waste water 14.6 kg

Environmental factors

flow rate 20,000 m3/d

Dilution factor (River) 10



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Other determined operating conditions involving environmental exposure

Number of days of emission per year Emission or Release Factor: Air 0.05 %

Technical conditions and precautionary measures/organisational measures

Use in a closed gas extractor system (Efficiency of a precautionary

measure: 99%) Chemical precipitation

Water

Conditions and measures concerning the waste water treatment plant

Type of waste water treatment plant On-site waste water treatment plant

2,000 m3/d Effluent flow rate of a waste water treatment plant

5.2.2 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC1 Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise

Mixture/Article stated).

> Physical Form (at the time of use) gaseous, Anhydrous form

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

Technical conditions and precautions

without local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills, dispersion and exposure

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective equipment Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling.

5.2.3 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities, PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing)

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise

Mixture/Article stated).

gaseous, Anhydrous form

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Physical Form (at the time of use)

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers outdoors / indoors indoors

> Remarks Use in a closed process

Technical conditions and precautions

without local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills, dispersion and exposure



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It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective equipment Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling.

5.3. Exposure assessment and reference to its origin

Environment

| Emission factor | Type of value | Compartment | Environmental exposure | RCR |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---------|
| ERC5 | local PEC | Fresh water | 0.73 mg/l | 0.811 |
| | | Fresh water sediment | 0.641 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.812 |
| | | Sea water | 0.073 mg/l | 0.0811 |
| | | Marine sediment | 0.0641 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.0812 |
| | | Farming land | 0.00045 mg/kg (pp) | 0.00004 |
| | | Meadow | 0.00045 mg/kg (pp) | 0.00004 |
| | | STP | 7.3 mg/l | 0.143 |

Human health

| Contributing scenario | Specific conditions | Type of value | Exposure level | RCR |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--|--------------------------|-------|
| PROC1 | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.008 mg/m ³ | 0.005 |
| PROC8b | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.092 mg/m ³ | 0.061 |
| PROC9 | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.409 mg/m ³ | 0.273 |
| PROC8b | | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.0184 mg/m ³ | 0.007 |
| PROC9 | | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.818 mg/m ³ | 0.327 |

RCR = Risk characterisation report

| ERC5 | Exposure Assessment Method: EUSES v2.1 |
|--------|--|
| PROC1 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC8b | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC9 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC8b | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |
| PROC9 | Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE |

5.4. Guide for downstream users to assess whether they are working within the limits set by the Exposure Scenario

Expected exposures should not exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operating conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, users should ensure risk management to at least equivalent levels.

Expected exposures should not exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operating conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, users should ensure risk management to at least equivalent levels.

22 ES6: INDUSTRIAL USE, CONSTRUCTIONS

6.1. Description of the situation

Main user groups SU 3 Industrial uses: uses of substances as such or in

preparations at industrial sites

Sector of end use SU 10 Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or repackaging (except alloys)

SU19 Constructions

Environmental release category ERC2 Formulation of preparations



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Process category

PROC3 PROC8a Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying)

from/to vessels/large containers in non-dedicated facilities

PROC8b

Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities

PROC9

Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers

(dedicated filling line, including weighing)

6.2. Conditions of use with effects on exposure

6.2.1 Contributing scenario that controls environmental exposure for: ERC2 Formulation of preparations

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 40%

Quantity

Daily local emission into waste water 14.6 ka

Environmental factors

20.000 m3/d flow rate

Dilution factor (River)

Other determined operating conditions involving environmental exposure

Number of days of emission per year

Emission or Release Factor: Air 0.0025 %

Technical conditions and precautionary measures/organisational measures

Use in a closed gas extractor system (Efficiency (of a precautionary Air

measure): 99 %

Water Chemical precipitation

Conditions and measures concerning the waste water treatment plant

Type of waste water treatment plant On-site waste water treatment plant

Effluent flow rate of a waste water treatment plant 2,000 m3/d

6.2.2 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC3 Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation), PROC8a Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in nondedicated facilities, PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities, PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) <40% Aqueous solution

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise

Mixture/Article stated).

<40%, Aqueous solution

Frequency and duration of use

Physical Form (at the time of use)

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise). Remarks

indoors

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

Remarks Use in a closed process

Technical conditions and precautions

outdoors / indoors

with local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills, dispersion and exposure

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable work clothing, Safety shoes

Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective equipment, Do not eat, drink or smoke during work,



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Wash thoroughly after handling.

6.3. Exposure assessment and reference to its origin

Environment

| Emission factor | Type of value | Compartment | Environmental exposure | RCR |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------|
| ERC2 | local PEC | Fresh water | 0.73 mg/l | 0.811 |
| | | Fresh water sediment | 0.622 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.812 |
| | | Sea water | 0.073 mg/l | 0.0811 |
| | | Marine sediment | 0.0622 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.0812 |
| | | Farming land | 0.000009 mg/kg (pp) | < 0.000001 |
| | | Meadow | 0.000009 mg/kg (pp) | < 0.000001 |
| | | STP | 7.3 mg/l | 0.143 |

Human health

| Contributing scenario | Specific conditions | Type of value | Exposure level | RCR |
|----------------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------|-------|
| PROC3, PROC8b, PROC9 | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.01 mg/m ³ | 0.007 |
| PROC8a | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.05 mg/m ³ | 0.033 |
| PROC8a | | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.1 mg/m ³ | 0.04 |
| PROC8b, PROC9 | | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.02 mg/m ³ | 0.008 |

RCR = Risk characterisation report

ERC2 Exposure Assessment Method: EUSES v2.1 PROC3, Exposure Assessment , Method: MEASE

PROC8b, PROC9

PROC8a Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC8a Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC8b, PROC9 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE

6.4. Guide for downstream users to assess whether they are working within the limits set by the Exposure Scenario

Expected exposures should not exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operating conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, users should ensure risk management to at least equivalent levels.

23 ES7: FORMULATION AND (RE)PACKAGING OF SUBSTANCES AND MIXTURES

6.5. Description of the situation

| Sector of end use | SU 10 | Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or repackaging (except alloys) |
|--|------------------------|--|
| Environmental release category Process category | ERC2 PROC3 PROC5 | Formulation of preparations Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Mixing or blending in batch processes for the formulation of preparations and articles (contact in different stages and/or significant contact) |
| | PROC8b | Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities |
| | PROC9 | Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) |
| | PROC13 | Treatment of articles by immersion and casting |
| | PROC19 | Manual mixing with direct contact, using only personal protective equipment |



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6.6. Conditions of use with effects on exposure

6.6.1 Contributing scenario that controls environmental exposure for: ERC2 Formulation of preparations

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 85%

Quantity

Daily local emission into waste water 14.6 kg

Environmental factors

flow rate 20,000 m3/d

Dilution factor (River) 10

Other determined operating conditions involving environmental exposure

Number of days of emission per year 100
Emission or Release Factor: Air 0.025%

Technical conditions and precautionary measures/organisational measures

Air Use in a closed gas extractor system Efficiency (of a precautionary

measure): 99 %

Water Chemical precipitation

Conditions and measures concerning the waste water treatment plant

Type of waste water treatment plant On-site waste water treatment plant

Effluent flow rate of a waste water treatment plant 2,000 m3/d

6.6.2 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC3 Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation), PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes for the formulation of preparations and articles (contact in different stages and/or significant contact) PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities, PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing), PROC13 Treatment of articles by immersion and casting, PROC19 Manual mixing with direct contact, using only personal protective equipment Anhydrous form

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise

Mixture/Article stated).

Physical Form (at the time of use) gaseous, Anhydrous form

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

Technical conditions and precautions

with local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills, dispersion and exposure

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable work clothing, Safety shoes. Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective equipment Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling.



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6.6.3 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC3 Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation), PROC5 Mixing or blending in batch processes for the formulation of preparations and articles (contact in different stages and/or significant contact) PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities, PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing), PROC13 Treatment of articles by immersion and casting, PROC19 Manual mixing with direct contact, using only personal protective equipment 40-85%, aqueous solution

Product characteristics

Mixture/Article

Concentration of the substance in the

Covers the percentage of the substance in the product up to 85%

Physical Form (at the time of use)

40-85%, aqueous solution

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

Technical conditions and precautions

with local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills, dispersion and exposure

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable work clothing, Safety shoes. Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective equipment Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling.

6.7. Exposure assessment and reference to its origin

Environment

| Emission factor | Type of value | Compartment | Environmental exposure | RCR |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|---------|
| ERC2 | local PEC | Fresh water | 0.73 mg/l | 0.811 |
| | | Fresh water sediment | 0.622 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.812 |
| | | Sea water | 0.073 mg/l | 0.0811 |
| | | Marine sediment | 0.0622 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.0812 |
| | | Farming land | 0.0001 mg/kg (pp) | 0.00001 |
| | | Meadow | 0.0001 mg/kg (pp) | 0.00001 |
| | | STP | 7.3 mg/l | 0.143 |

Human health

| Contributing scenario | Specific conditions | Type of value | Exposure level | RCR |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|
| PROC3 | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.204 mg/m ³ | 0.136 |
| PROC5 | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.511 mg/m ³ | 0.341 |
| PROC8b | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.092 mg/m ³ | 0.061 |
| PROC9 | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.409 mg/m ³ | 0.273 |
| PROC5 | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 1.02 mg/m ³ | 0.408 |
| PROC8b | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.184 mg/m ³ | 0.073 |
| PROC9 | Anhydrous form | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.818 mg/m ³ | 0.327 |



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| PROC3, PROC5 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.05 mg/m ³ | 0.033 |
|--|-----------------------------|--|------------------------|-------|
| PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13, PROC19 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.01 mg/m ³ | 0.007 |
| PROC5 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.1 mg/m ³ | 0.04 |
| PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13, PROC19 | 40-85%, aqueous solution | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.02 mg/m ³ | 0.008 |

RCR = Risk characterisation report

ERC2 Exposure Assessment Method: EUSES v2.1 PROC3 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC5 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC8b Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC9 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC5 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC8b Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC9 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC3, PROC5 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC8b, Exposure Assessment, Method: MEASE

PROC9, PROC13, PROC19

PROC5 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE PROC8b. Exposure Assessment, Method: MEASE

PROC9, PROC13, PROC19

6.8. Guide for downstream users to assess whether they are working within the limits set by the Exposure Scenario

Expected exposures should not exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operating conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, users should ensure risk management to at least equivalent levels.

24 ES8: INDUSTRIAL USE, CLEANING OF DRUMS AND PIPES

8.1 Description of the situation

Industrial uses: uses of substances as such or in Main user groups SU₃

preparations at industrial sites

Environmental release category ERC7 Industrial use of substances in closed systems

Process category PROC3 Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) PROC8b

from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities

PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers

(dedicated filling line, including weighing)

PROC13 Treatment of articles by immersion and casting Product category PC35 Washing and cleaning products (including solvent-

based products)

8.2 Conditions of use with effects on exposure

8.2.1 Contributing scenario that controls environmental exposure for: ERC7 Industrial use of substances in closed systems

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Mixture/Article

stated).

Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise

Quantity



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Daily local emission into waste water 0 kg

Concentration after maximum dilution for use 7.3 mg/l

Environmental factors

flow rate 20,000 m3/d

Dilution factor (River) 10

Other determined operating conditions involving environmental exposure

Number of days of emission per year 100 Emission or Release Factor: Air 0.5%

Technical conditions and precautionary measures/organisational measures

Air Use in a closed gas extractor system Efficiency (of a precautionary measure):

99%)

Water Chemical precipitation

Conditions and measures concerning the waste water treatment plant

Type of waste water treatment plant none

8.2.2 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC3 Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation), PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities, PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing), PROC13 Treatment of articles by immersion and casting <40% Aqueous solution

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise

Mixture/Article stated).

Physical Form (at the time of use) <40%, Aqueous solution

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

Technical conditions and precautions

with local extraction ventilation system

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills, dispersion and exposure

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable work clothing, Safety shoes. Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective equipment Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling.

8.3 Exposure assessment and reference to its origin

Environment

| Emission factor | Type of value | Compartment | Environmental exposure | RCR |
|-----------------|---------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| ERC7 | local PEC | Fresh water | 0.73 mg/l | 0.811 |
| | | Fresh water sediment | 0.622 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.812 |
| | | Sea water | 0.073 mg/l | 0.0811 |
| | | Marine sediment | 0.0622 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.0812 |
| | | Farming land | 0.000003 mg/kg (pp) | < 0.00001 |
| | | Meadow | 0.000003 mg/kg (pp) | < 0.00001 |
| | | STP | 7.3 mg/l | 0.143 |



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Human health

| Contributing scenario | Specific conditions | Type of value | Exposure level | RCR |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|--|------------------------|-------|
| PROC3, PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13 | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.01 mg/m ³ | 0.007 |
| PROC8b, PROC9, PROC13 | | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.02 mg/m ³ | 0.008 |

RCR = Risk characterisation report

ERC7 Exposure Assessment Method: EUSES v2.1
PROC3, Exposure Assessment, Method: MEASE

PROC8b,

PROC9, PROC13

PROC8b, Exposure Assessment, Method: MEASE

PROC9, PROC13

8.4 Guide for downstream users to assess whether they are working within the limits set by the Exposure Scenario

Expected exposures should not exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operating conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, users should ensure risk management to at least equivalent levels.

25 ES9: INDUSTRIAL USE, SEMICONDUCTOR IN THE ELECTRONICS AND SOLAR INDUSTRY

SU₃

PROC9

9.1 Description of the situation

Main user groups

preparations at industrial sites ERC6b Environmental release category Industrial use of reactive technological aids Process category PROC1 Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely PROC2 Use in a closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure PROC3 Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation) PROC4 Use in batch and other processes (synthesis), where opportunities for exposure occur PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities

Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers

Industrial uses: uses of substances as such or in

(dedicated filling line, including weighing)

Product category PC15 Products for the treatment of non-metallic surfaces

9.2 Conditions of use with effects on exposure

9.2.1 Contributing scenario that controls environmental exposure for: ERC6b Industrial use of reactive technological aids

Product characteristics Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100%

Concentration of the substance in the

Mixture/Article

(unless otherwise stated).

Quantity

Daily local emission into waste water 0 kg

Concentration after maximum dilution for use 7.3 mg/l

Environmental factors

flow rate 20,000 m3/d

Dilution factor (River) 10

Other determined operating conditions involving environmental exposure

Number of days of emission per year 100
Emission or Release Factor: Air 0,001 %



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Technical conditions and precautionary measures/organisational measures

Air Use in a closed gas extractor system Efficiency (of a precautionary measure)

99%

Water Chemical precipitation

Conditions and measures concerning the waste water treatment plant

Type of waste water treatment plant none

9.2.2 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC2 Use in a closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure, PROC3 Use in a closed batch process (synthesis or formulation), PROC4 Use in batch and other processes (synthesis), where opportunities for exposure occur, PROC8b Transfer of a substance or preparation (filling/emptying) from/to vessels/large containers in dedicated facilities, PROC9 Transfer of a substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) 40-85%, aqueous solution

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise

Mixture/Article stated).

Physical Form (at the time of use) 40-85%, aqueous solution

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

Organisational measures to avoid/limit spills, dispersion and exposure

It is assumed that good basic occupational hygiene standards are applied.

Conditions and measures concerning personal protection, hygiene and health assessment

Wear suitable work clothing, Safety shoes. Wear suitable gloves tested with EN374, Protective visor, respiratory protective equipment Do not eat, drink or smoke during work, Wash thoroughly after handling.

9.2.3 Contributing scenario that controls worker exposure for: PROC1 Use in a closed process, exposure unlikely

Product characteristics

Concentration of the substance in the Includes percentages of substance in the product up to 100% (unless otherwise

Mixture/Article stated).

Physical Form (at the time of use) gaseous, Anhydrous form

Frequency and duration of use

Frequency of use 220 days/year

Remarks Includes daily exposures of up to 8 hours (unless indicated otherwise).

Human factors not influenced by risk

management

Respiratory volume 10 m3

Other operating conditions affecting the exposure of workers

outdoors / indoors indoors

Remarks Use in a closed process

9.3 Exposure assessment and reference to its origin

Environment

| Emission factor | Type of value | Compartment | Environmental exposure | RCR |
|-----------------|---------------|-------------|------------------------|-------|
| ERC6b | local PEC | Fresh water | 0.73 mg/l | 0.811 |



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| Fresh water sediment | 0.641 mg/kg (dry | 0.812 |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|
| | material) | |
| Sea water | 0.073 mg/l | 0.0811 |
| Marine sediment | 0.0641 mg/kg (dry material) | 0.0812 |
| Farming land | 0.0000009 mg/kg (pp) | < 0.00001 |
| Meadow | 0.0000009 mg/kg (pp) | < 0.00001 |
| STP | 7.3 mg/l | 0.143 |

Human health

| Contributing scenario | Specific conditions | Type of value | Exposure level | RCR |
|-----------------------|---------------------|--|-------------------------|-------|
| PROC2 | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.102 mg/m ³ | 0.068 |
| PROC3, PROC4 | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.204 mg/m ³ | 0.136 |
| PROC8b | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.092 mg/m ³ | 0.061 |
| PROC9 | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.409 mg/m ³ | 0.273 |
| PROC8b | | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.818 mg/m ³ | 0.327 |
| PROC9 | | Worker - inhalatory, short-term - local | 0.02 mg/m ³ | 0.008 |
| PROC1 | | Worker - inhalatory, long-term - systemic | 0.008 mg/m ³ | 0.005 |

RCR = Risk characterisation report

ERC6b Exposure Assessment Method: EUSES v2.1

PROC2 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE
PROC3, PROC4 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE
PROC8b Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE
PROC9 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE
PROC8b Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE
PROC9 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE
PROC1 Exposure Assessment Method: MEASE

9.4 Guide for downstream users to assess whether they are working within the limits set by the Exposure Scenario

Expected exposures should not exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operating conditions outlined in Section 2 are implemented.

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, users should ensure risk management to at least equivalent levels.